



CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT CONFERENCE 2023 (CDC23)

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Assessment of Competency Gap to Enhance Workforce Performance in 5G Verticals

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INTRODUCTION







Malaysian workers ranked 27th (out of 64 countries) in digital competitiveness and 28th in talent (IIMD, 2021).



Malaysia underperformed in digital skills institutions, research intensity, government support, and digital responsiveness (Wiley, 2021).

To identify the perception of industry players

on changes due to 5G deployment

related to human resources and capacity-building requirements

RESEARCH OBJECTIVE 1 To identify the capacitybuilding gap in 5G verticals for capacity-building programmes in the future

RESEARCH
OBJECTIVE 2

To recommend critical capacity-building programmes for future workforce competency requirements in 5G verticals

RESEARCH OBJECTIVE 3



ANNOUNCEMENT

ONLINE SURVEY AND EXPRESSION OF INTEREST IN THE

5G IN THE TRANSPORT, TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND AGRICULTURE INDUSTRIES FORUM (5G-TTAIF) 2022

to know the potential roles of 5G digital skills for existing and future transport, telecommunications and agriculture industries workforce.

https://rb.gy/5iueo3



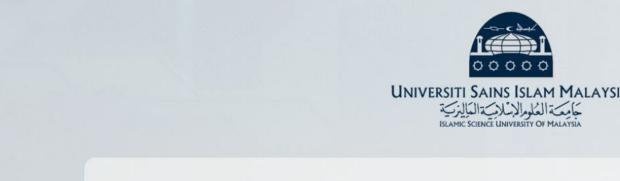


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KEY FINDING 1: 7) RETAIL VERTICAL



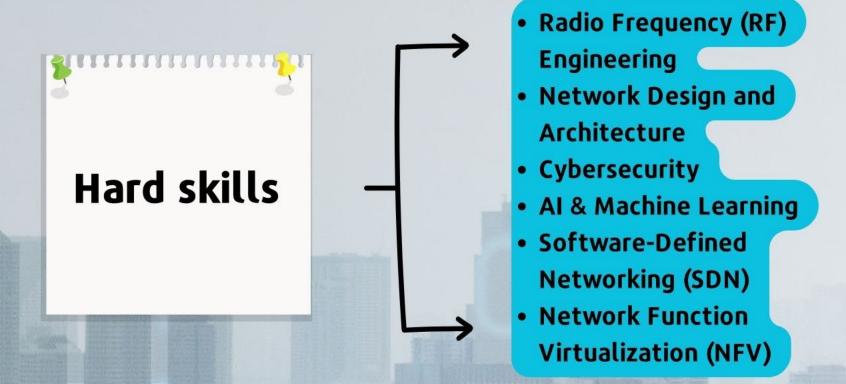


- 5G implementation financially burdens service companies.
- Some service companies will fail to adopt 5G by 2026 due to:
- 1. security threats to 5G network, i.e. increased cyberattacks, ransomware, data breaches.
- 2. shortage of skilled 5G workers in service companies e.g digital fintech, insurance & financial credit checks.
- 3. Systems migration & integration capacity gap, e.g legacy systems incompatible with 5G.

KEY FINDINGS 2: CAPACITY BUILDING GAPS













Telecom service provider workforce

 was lacking the skills to manage & analyze large amounts of data.

Network equipment vendors

need to build up capacity in multiple device support, deliver 5G-speed data transfers & provide stable and reliable connectivity in high-population





Capacity gaps in telecommunications vertical



 need to accelerate policy reforms, clarification & dissemination on issues related to data privacy, data security & health safequards in 5G.



 have capacity gaps in underdevelopment & low production of high-speed data transfer devices low latency of 5G networks, lack of battery capacity of mobile devices, and high costs of device production.

Application developers

lacking skills to develop apps utilizing AR/VR, highspeed cloud computing,

low-latency video recording & high-speed real-time video playback.



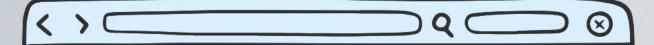




KEY FINDING 3: CAPACITY-BUILDING FOR WORKFORCE COMPETENCY







- Ericsson, Nokia, Huawei & Qualcomm trained internal staff & customers on 5G RAN even before the first 5G networks were launched.
- They were able to because:
- 1.industry leaders in 5G adoption
- 2. possess expertise and financial resources to develop capacity-building programs
- 3. Their certification & recertification exams also generated revenue for the companies.



5G Core Certified

Expert

CONCLUSION







In sum, Malaysia's 5G progress in each vertical is determined by the ability to build capacity, nurture technical expertise & foster a supportive ecosystem.

